

# Synapse Bootcamp - Module 20

## **Automation in Synapse - Answer Key**

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## **Answer Key**

#### **Cron Jobs**

Exercise 1 Answer

#### **Objective:**

• Create, manage, and inspect cron jobs.

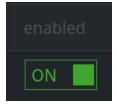
#### **Question 1:** What does your newly added cron job look like?

• The job should look similar to the following:



#### **Question 2:** Is the cron job enabled or disabled by default?

The cron job is enabled by default:



#### **Question 3:** Are you able to modify your existing cron job to make this change?

• **No,** you cannot make the change.

Once a cron job has been created, you can modify many of the job's properties, but you cannot change the job's schedule. To change the schedule, you need to create a new cron job and disable or delete the old one.



### **Adding Triggers**

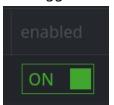
#### Exercise 2 Answer

#### **Objective:**

• Create a trigger to perform basic enrichment of IP addresses as soon as they are created.

#### Question 1: Is the trigger enabled or disabled by default?

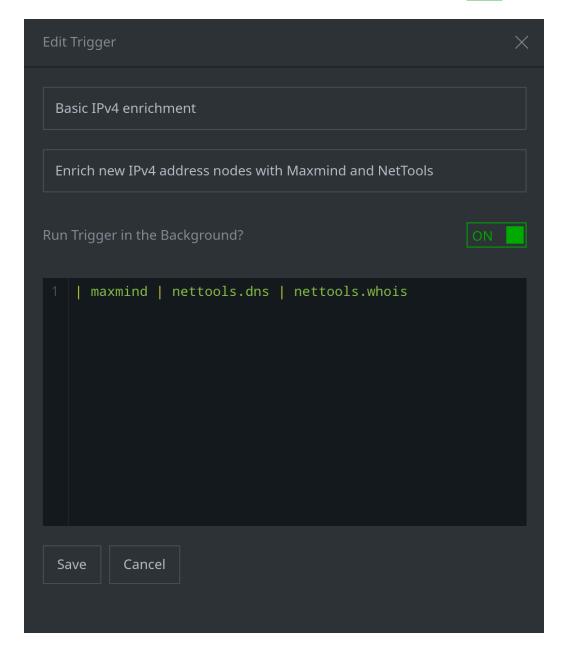
• The trigger is **enabled** by default:



#### **Question 2:** What elements of the trigger can be changed after it has been saved?

- Once a trigger is created you can modify:
  - The name and description of the trigger.
  - Whether the trigger runs in the background (asynchronously).
  - The Storm that the trigger executes.





#### You cannot change:

- o The condition that fires the trigger
- o The form, property, edge, and / or tag the trigger fires on.

To change these elements you must create a new trigger and disable or delete the old one.



## **Trigger Execution**

#### Exercise 3 Answer

#### Objective:

• Observe trigger behavior by creating an IPv4 node when the trigger is disabled and when it has been enabled.

#### **Question 1:** What properties are present on the new **inet:ipv4** node?

• The IPv4 only has the :type property set:

```
    inet:ipv4
        8.8.16.1
    :type      unicast
    .created 2023/11/27 19:14:19.503
```

#### **Question 2:** Did your trigger fire?

• **No.** The trigger is **disabled**, so it did not execute when you created the **inet:ipv4** node.

#### **Question 3:** What properties appear to be present on the new **inet:ipv4** node?

• Looking at the Details Panel, it appears that only the :type property is set:

```
    inet:ipv4

            8.8.16.44

    :type unicast
    .created 2022/06/13 15:47:42.964
```



#### **Question 4:** Did your trigger fire?

• **Yes,** the trigger fired. After re-running your query / re-lifting the node, additional properties are visible:

```
inet:ipv4
    8.8.16.44
:asn    3356
:latlong    37.751,-97.822
:loc    us
:type    unicast
.created    2023/11/27 19:15:57.416
```

Because the trigger runs **asynchronously**, you need to refresh your query to see the properties set when the trigger runs.

When you created the **inet:ipv4** node, Synapse returned the node to you while the trigger was still running **in the background**. This allows you to keep working while the trigger executes. However, you may need to refresh your query to see the changes made by the trigger.

**Question 5:** What properties are present on the new **inet:ipv4** node?



• The following properties are set on the node:

```
inet:ipv4
8.8.16.253

:asn 3356
:latlong 37.751,-97.822
:loc us
:type unicast
.created 2023/11/27 19:17:21.039
```

When you disable **async** processing, your trigger runs "inline" - as though you added the trigger's Storm commands to the Storm query you used to create the **inet:ipv4** node. You should have noticed a slight delay until your results were displayed - this is because you had to wait for Synapse to create the node **and** run the trigger. However, because Synapse executed everything to completion, your display was refreshed and the new properties were displayed for you.

Whether to run triggers asynchronously is a matter of preference and / or organizational policy:

- Running triggers in the background (asynchronously) allows you to keep working, but you may need to refresh your query or return later to see any new data or tags created by the trigger.
- Running triggers inline (synchronously) will show you any updates but you
  will need to wait for the trigger to complete you are unable to run
  additional queries, Explore, etc. until the trigger finishes. This may be
  acceptable for small / fast triggers, but could be problematic for triggers
  that execute longer Storm queries.

**Question 6:** Have the additional properties been set on your original IP since you enabled the trigger? Why or why not?



• **No**, the properties have not been set:

```
    inet:ipv4

            8.8.16.1

    :type unicast
    .created 2023/12/28 01:10:20.528
```

Your trigger is configured to fire on a **node:add** event - when a node is **first** created in Synapse.

Because you created the original **inet:ipv4** while the trigger was **disabled**, the trigger has no effect on the node. Triggers are not "retroactive" - they can only fire on changes that occur **after** the trigger is created and enabled.

The same thing is true for any **inet:ipv4** nodes that existed in Synapse **before** the trigger was **created** - Synapse will not "go back" and run the trigger's query on nodes that were already present.